

# Application of Geofoam in Thermal Encapsulation of Foundations

Project (Leader): Surya Sarat Chandra Congress Associate Research Scientist

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Center for Integration of Composites into

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> > June 16, 2020



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## **Requirement for Thermal Insulation**

Study: Effect of insulating the foundations using Geofoam





The stack effect

- Concrete slabs primarily lose heat outward and through the edge of the slab
- In cold climates, insulating the slab perimeter can reduce heating bills by upto 20%

Heat loss

### **Heat Loss through Foundation**



crawl space; and (c) slab-on grade

### Why is Slab Perimeter Insulation Important?



## **Thermal Encapsulation using Geofoam**



- **Construction Friendly**
- **Limited Water** Absorption
- Being Inert in Longterm Buried Conditions



 Good Insulation **Properties** 

- **Cost-effective dwelling**
- Substantial energy savings



ACH Foam (2011) (Left) ConstructionSpecifier (2013) (Middle) Insulfoam (2014) (Right)

Source:

### **Research Plan: Thermal Encapsulation using Geofoam**

- Study: Effect of insulating the foundations using Geofoam
- Problem Identification: No Insulation of Foundations
  - $\circ$  Summer: Hot climate  $\rightarrow$  Hot air enters through gaps & heat enters by conduction
  - $\circ$  Winter: Cold climate  $\rightarrow$  Cold air enters through gaps & heat escapes by conduction
  - o Thermal conductivity of soil is 40-50 times higher than that of air
- Small Scale Building Models in Region 3 climate
  - o Lab scale study: Foundation wall insulation solutions using Geofoam

### Temperature Monitoring

- o Infrared (IR) imaging Monitor temperature variation and potential leakages
- $\circ$  Comparison with control section
- Potential Outcomes: Guidelines for insulation using Geofoam

### **Research Plan: Thermal Encapsulation using Geofoam**

#### Lab Scale Study Prototypes

 Geofoam blocks attached around the periphery of foundation ~ at grade foundation systems (GAF system)

Geofoam slab placed underneath the foundation system ~ crawl-space
foundation systems (GBF system)





## Laboratory Setup I: Thermal Encapsulation using Geofoam



Laboratory setup to evaluate the performance of GAF slab

## Laboratory Setup II: Thermal Encapsulation using Geofoam



Laboratory setup to evaluate the performance of GBF slab

# **LIFE FORMS**

Project: Application of Geofoam in Thermal Encapsulation of Foundations Number: 1





# Utilization of Geocells in Pavement Infrastructure

### Graduate Student: Md Ashrafuzzaman Khan Team: Sayantan Chakraborty & Surya S.C. Congress

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## **Outline of the Presentation**

#### Introduction January 2018 • Background **Objective** Ο **November** Field Study 2018 Design and Analysis of Test Sections Construction • Instrumentation and Data Analysis December 2018 • Monitoring Results Future Study May 2020 18 months after construction

## Introduction

### **Background**

- Majority of the FM roads in North Texas suffer from rutting and crackings
- Recycled materials may provide sustainable solutions
- > 102.11 million tons of RAP (NAPA, 2018)
- Need a solution to enhance the performance of RAP



Performance assessment of test sections with geocellreinforced-recycled-base (GRRB) layers







#### Field Study (Design and Analysis of Test Sections)



#### **Field Study** (Construction of Test Sections)



Milling



### Spreading RAP



**Geotextile Installation** 



#### Scrapping



Filling Geocell with RAP



Compaction

#### **Field Study** (Instrumentation and Data Analysis)



















### **Project Duration and Deliverables**

#### **Return on Investment (ROI):**

With the development of design and construction guidelines for pavements with Geocell supported RAP Base, we anticipate the pavements to be sustainable, resilient and have low magnitude of distress during their service life

The project is currently in the second year of monitoring phase

**Deliverables:** 

A Comprehensive project report will be submitted at the end of the project period

## **Future Study**

- Current Requirement: Combination of geosynthetic products to meet the design criteria for the foundations constructed over soft soil conditions
- Potential Solution: Combination of two geosynthetic products
  - Conjunction of Geocomposite with Geocell Enhances the load-bearing capacity
- Aim of the Study: Determine the bearing capacity improvement factors and calibrate the design methodology
- Parametric Study: Influence of Geocomposite and Geocell
  - Different compositions Laboratory testing

\* <u>Possible Outcome</u>: Guidelines for the design of different foundation systems

(roads, railways and foundation pads for crane)

## **LIFE FORMS**

# **Project: Utilization of Geocells in Pavement Infrastructure Number: 2**





# Performance of pavement sections with H<sub>2</sub>Ri geosynthetics Graduate Student: Nripojyoti Biswas

Team member: Md Ashrafuzzaman Khan, Sayantan Chakraborty, and Surya S. C. Congress

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Texas Department of Transportation



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## Introduction

Expansive soil issues

□ Pavement failure on expansive soil

- Moisture migration
- Swelling-Shrinkage behavior
- Differential heaving
- Cracking, rutting, depression
- □ Annual Maintenance → Expenditures ↑



## **\***Objective

To address the feasibility/efficiency of H<sub>2</sub>Ri geosynthetic drainage and strengthening layer to improve the performance of pavement sections built on high-PI soil

## Task Plan

✤Task 1:

□ Construction and instrumentation of pavement test sections at FM 1807, Venus, TX - Completed

Task 2:

□ Monitor performance of test sections → For 4+ years

**Compare with control section** 

\* Task 3:

□ Laboratory study and numerical validation

✤ Task 4:

□ Design and construction guidelines

□ Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA)

## **Research Approach**



### **Project Location and Section Details**



## Wicking Geotextile (H<sub>2</sub>Ri)

- Single geotextile layer serves various functions
  - □ Drainage through capillary action
  - **Reinforcement**
  - □ Separation
- Presence of a high number of channels facilitates capillary action







Image-TenCate, Inc.

### **Construction of Pavement Sections**







## **Moisture Distribution**



## **Future Study**

- Objective: To understand the moisture movements in subsoil due to the placement of H<sub>2</sub>Ri in a control environment
- Tasks



# **LIFE FORMS**

# **Project: Performance of Pavement Sections with H<sub>2</sub>Ri Geosynthetics Number: 3**







# Mitigating Sulfate Heaving Using Novel Soil Stabilizers

Project Leader: Sayantan Chakraborty

Team: Nripojyoti Biswas and Jungyeon Jang

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## **Research Need: Mitigating Sulfate Heaving Using Novel Stabilizers**

- \* **Problem:** Sulfate heaving has a detrimental impact on overlying infrastructure
- Objective
  - o Study alternate sustainable additives for stabilizing sulfate-rich soils

### Stabilizers studied

- o Crystalline silica admixture
  - Quarry fines
  - High surface area  $\rightarrow$  facilitate pozzolanic reaction
  - Suppress ettringite-induced heaving
- o Geopolymer
  - Alkali (Na or K) activated alumino-silicates (fly ash, slag, etc.)
  - Absence of Ca  $\rightarrow$  ettringite-induced heaving $\downarrow$

Source: Reed, R.F., 2005. Alternative E., Instion of "Lime-Induced Heave". In *PanAm Unsaturatea*-*Soils 2017* (pp. 118-130).



## **Research Plan: Mitigating Sulfate Heaving Using Novel Stabilizers**

#### Evaluate improvements in engineering properties

o Free swell, unconfined compressive strength, and resilient modulus tests

#### Mineralogical and microstructural analyses

- o Identify chemical reaction products in treated soils
- X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) and Field Emission Scanning Electron Microscope (FESEM) imaging
- Sustainability and resiliency studies
  - o Resource consumption, environmental impact, and socio-economic impact
  - o Resilience of infrastructure to withstand normal and extreme events

### **Preliminary Test Results: Free Swell Strain**

#### **Crystalline Silica Admixture**

0





CL: Low plasticity clay; CH: High plasticity clay; MK: Metakaolin

Crystalline silica and geopolymer reduce swelling characteristics

## Preliminary Test Results: FESEM Imaging Crystalline Silica Admixture Geopolymer



Crystalline Silica (CS) Particles at 250x (a)



Lime-Treated Crystalline Silica (L-CS) Particles at 1,000x (C)



Lime-Treated Crystalline Silica (L-CS) Particles at 250x (b)



Lime-Treated Crystalline Silica (L-CS) Particles at 1,100x

(d)



Crystalline silica reacts with lime to form C-S-H phases
Geopolymer network can bind soil particles

### **Future Studies**

- Geopolymer treatment of high-sulfate soils
- Optimize stabilizer dosages
- Sustainability and resiliency studies



# Project: Mitigating Sulfate Heaving Using Novel Soil Stabilizers Number: 4

